

## The $(\mu, \lambda)$ -ES

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One generation transition function  $((\mu, \lambda)$ -selection):

$$\mathit{opt}_{(\mu, \lambda)\text{-ES}}(P^{(t)}) = \mathit{sel}_{\mu}^{\lambda}(\sqcup_{i=1}^{\lambda} \{\mathit{mut}(\mathit{rec}(P^{(t)}))\})$$

ALGORITHM 2  $((\mu, \lambda)$ -ES)

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t := 0;
initialize  $P^{(0)} = \{\vec{a}_1, \dots, \vec{a}_{\mu}\} \in I^{\mu}$ ;
evaluate  $f(\vec{x}_1), \dots, f(\vec{x}_{\mu})$ ;
while ( $T(P^{(t)}) = 0$ ) do
     $\tilde{P} := \emptyset$ ;
    for  $i := 1$  to  $\lambda$  do
         $(\vec{x}, \vec{\sigma}, \vec{\alpha}) := \mathit{mut}(\mathit{rec}(P^{(t)}))$ ;
        evaluate  $f(\vec{x})$ ;
         $\tilde{P} := \tilde{P} \sqcup \{(\vec{x}, \vec{\sigma}, \vec{\alpha})\}$ ;
    od
     $P^{(t+1)} := \mathit{sel}_{\mu}^{\lambda}(\tilde{P})$ ;
     $t := t + 1$ ;
od

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For  $(\mu + \lambda)$ -selection:

$$\mathit{opt}_{(\mu + \lambda)\text{-ES}}(P^{(t)}) = \mathit{sel}_{\mu}^{\mu + \lambda}(\sqcup_{i=1}^{\lambda} \{\mathit{mut}(\mathit{rec}(P^{(t)}))\} \sqcup P^{(t)})$$